

# FD-2851

BCA (Part-I) Examination, 2022

# **DISCRETE MATHEMATICS**

# Paper - I

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 80

[Minimum Pass Marks: 27

**Note**: Answer any **two** parts from each question. All questions carry equal marks.

### Unit-I

1. (a) (I) If  $p \equiv \text{Ramesh}$  is a player  $q \equiv \text{Mohan}$  is wise, then write the following symbols in sentence:

(i)  $\sim pv \sim q$ 

(ii)  $\sim (p \wedge q)$ 

**DRG\_14** (7)

(Turn Over)

- (II) Write the following sentences in symbols:
  - (i) Until Sheela will not come I shall not go to college.
  - (ii) When Sheela will come then I shall go to colleage.
- (III) Write True or False of the following statements:
  - (*i*)  $\{2, 3\} \subset \{2, 4, 6\}$
  - (*ii*)  $5 \in \{1, 3, 5\}$
- (IV) Are the following propositions?
  - (i) Some roses are black.
  - (ii) May you live long.
- (b) Prove that  $(p \Leftrightarrow q) \land (q \Leftrightarrow r) \Rightarrow (p \Leftrightarrow r)$  is a Tautology.
- (c) (I) If Q(x) = x is a rational number.

R(x) = x is a real number.

then translate the following sentences into symbols:

- (i) R is a real number.
- (ii) Every rational number is a real number.
- (II) Negate each of the following statements:
  - (i)  $\forall x (|x| = x)$
  - (ii)  $\exists x (x+2=x)$

(III) Write the following predicate into symbols and also write its negative in symbols. "Every rational number is a real number."

#### **Unit-II**

- **2.** (a) (I) In a Boolean algebra B, the identity elements are complementary to each other i. e., for  $0, 1 \in B$ , then show that :
  - (*i*) 0' = 1
  - (ii) 1' = 0
  - (II) In a Boolean algebra, show that if a + b = a + c and ab = ac, then b = c.
  - (b) (1) Show that the order relation  $\leq$  is partial order relation in a Boolean algebra.
    - (II) In a Boolean algebra B, if  $x \le y$  and  $y \le x$ , then prove that x = y.
  - (c) (I) Construct a circuit for the Boolean function

$$F(a, b, c) = a \cdot b \cdot c + a' \cdot b \cdot c$$

Simplify it and draw the figure.

(II) Draw the logic circuit with inputs a, b, c and output X where

$$X = abc + a'c' + b'c'$$

#### Unit-III

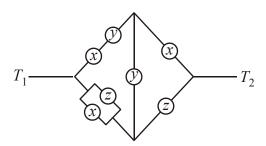
3. (a) (I) Express the following function in disjunctive normal form in the smallest possible number of variables:

$$f(x, y, z) = xy' + xz + xy$$

(II) Express the following function in conjunctive normal form:

$$f(x, y, z) = (xy' + xz)' + x'$$

(b) (I) Simplify the following circuit.



(II) Design a 3-terminal circuit which gives the real forms to the following functions:

$$f = xzw + y'zw$$
$$g = xzw + y'zw + x'y'z$$

(c) (I) Draw the binomial net for the following flow functions:

$$x \cdot y \cdot z + x' \cdot y \cdot z + xy'z + x'y'z'$$

(II) Design a tree-net in three variables for the flow function:

$$xyz + x'yz + xy'z + x'y'z$$

#### Unit-IV

- **4.** (a) (I) If  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ ,  $B = \{2, 4\}$  and  $C = \{3, 5\}$ , then find  $A \times (B C)$ .
  - (II) If  $A = \{1, 2\}$ ,  $B = \{2, 3\}$  and  $C = \{3, 5\}$ , then find  $(A \times B) \cap (A \times C)$ .
  - (b) (I) Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and  $B = \{a, b, c\}$  and let  $R = \{(1, a), (2, a), (2, b), (3, a), (3, b)\}$  be a relation from A to B, then find  $R^{-1}$ , d(R), r(R),  $d(R^{-1})$  and  $r(R^{-1})$ 
    - (II) Is the relation 'is less than' transitive in the set of natural numbers?
  - (c) (I) Prove that the following sets are countable:
    - (i) the set I of all integers;
    - (ii) the set E of all positive integers.
    - (II) If  $A = \{1, 3, 5\}$ ,  $B = \{a, b, c\}$  and  $1 \leftrightarrow a$ ,  $3 \leftrightarrow b$ ,  $5 \leftrightarrow c$ , show that it is one-one onto mapping.

## Unit-V

- **5.** (a) (I) Show that the vertices of odd degree (odd vertices) in a graph is always even.
  - (II) Draw the equivalent labelled graphs for  $G_1$  and  $G_2$  if

$$G_1 = \{ \{v_1, v_2, v_3\} \ \{v_1, v_2\} \ \{v_1, v_3\} \\ \{v_2, v_3\} \}$$

$$G_2 = \{\{w_1, w_2, w_3\} \ \{w_1, w_2\} \ \{w_1, w_3\}$$
  
 $\{w_2, w_3\}\}$ 

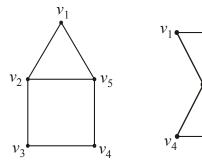
(b) (I) Draw the graphs represented by the following adjacency matrices:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(II) Express the following algebraic expressions in binary trees:

$$(x-y) + ((y+z) + w)$$

(c) (I) Which of the following graphs have a Hamiltonian circuit?



(II) A graph with at least one edge is 2-chromatic if and only if it has no circuits of old length.